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### THÉO VAN RYSSELBERGHE (1862-1926)

Maria van Rysselberghe au coin du feu 1913 oil on canvas 32 ¼ x 32 ¾ in. (81.9 x 83.5 cm)



#### **PROVENANCE**

Élisabeth Van Rysselberghe, Paris By descent through the Guicheteau family Me Briest, Paris, sale June 17, 1985 no. 113A Lombrail Auction House, Champin & Gauthier, Enghien-les-Bains, sale November 24, 1985 no. 30 Private Collection, New York

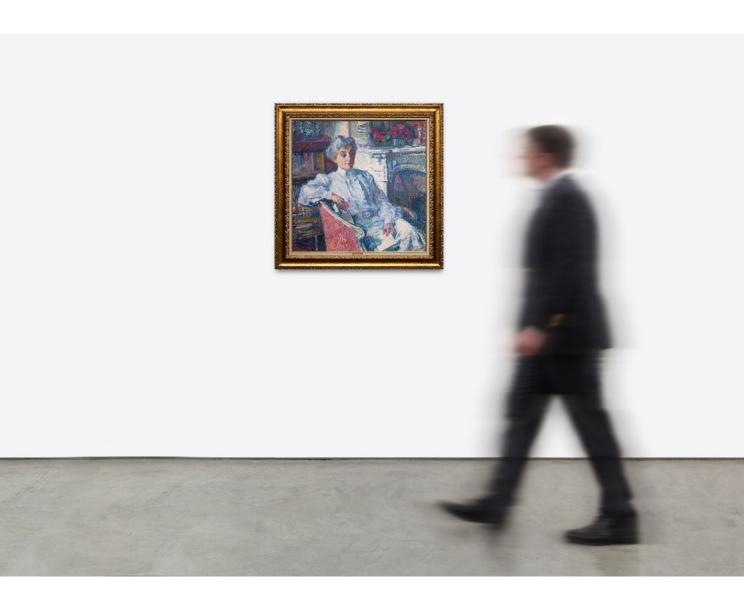
#### **LITERATURE**

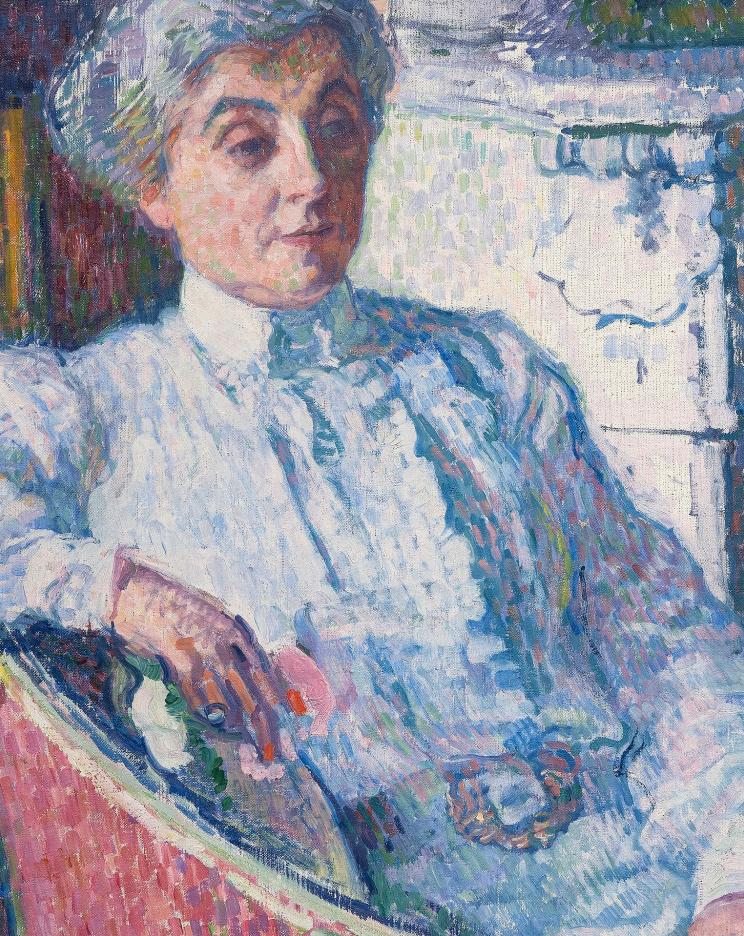
Feltkamp, R., Théo Van Rysselberghe, Catalogue Raisonné, Brussels, 2003, no. 1913-023, illustrated p. 178 and 406

### -**IMPORTANT** FACTS

- An undisputed master of the booming Belgian Neo-Impressionist movement from 1887 onward, Théo van Rysselberghe painted this portrait of his wife, Maria (née Monnom) during the first decade of the twentieth century.
- This portrait is a visually stimulating demonstration by a painter who understood the dynamic impact of this unusual color scheme and who arranged the sitter with a strong accent on a diagonal and executed the formula with the craft and agility of a painter in full control of his painterly assets.
- Three of Van Rysselberghe's top ten sales at auction occurred in the last three years and half of his top ten sales at auction occurred in the last six years.

## **DETAIL** IMAGES

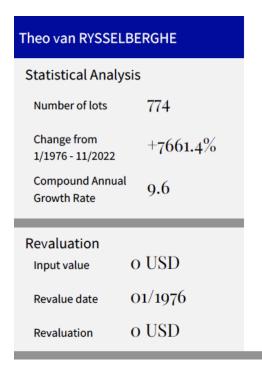


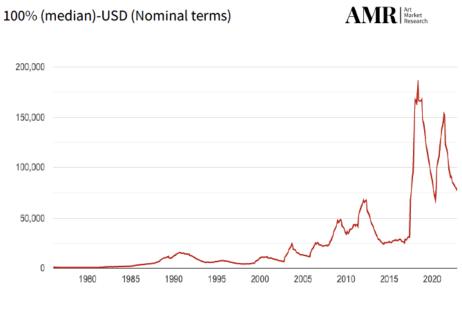






### **MARKET** ANALYSIS





Three of Van Rysselberghe's top ten sales at auction occurred in the last three years.

Half of his top ten sales at auction occurred in the last six years.

Nine of his top 20 sales at auction are portraits.

## **TOP** RESULTS AT AUCTION

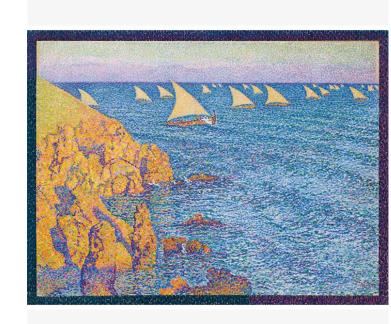


L'Escaut en amont D'Anvers, le Soir or Voiliers sur L'Escaut 1892 oil on canvas 26 ¼ x 35 % in. (66.7 x 90.5 cm)

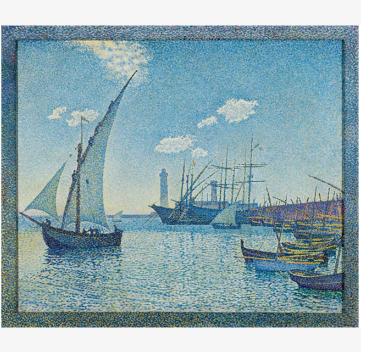
Sold at Sotheby's London: June 2017 for \$10,744,500

Barques de pêche-Méditerranée 1892 oil on canvas 24 ¾ x 33 in. (63 x 84 cm)

Sold at Christie's New York: July 2020 for \$9,128,000



## **TOP** RESULTS AT AUCTION



Port de Cette, Les Tartanes 1892 oil on canvas  $23 \frac{1}{2} \times 27 \frac{1}{2}$  in. (59.7 x 69.9 cm)

Sold at Sotheby's New York: November 2017 for \$7,227,800

À Thuin ou La Partie de Tennis 1889 oil on canvas 21 ½ x 26 ¼ in. (53.8 x 66.7 cm)

> Sold at Christie's Paris: June 2020 for \$5,847,765



# **COMPARABLE** PAINTINGS SOLD AT AUCTION



Jeune femme au bord de la grève 1901 oil on canvas 40 x 32 in. (101 x 80.9 cm)

#### Sold at Sotheby's London: February 2008 for \$1,470,500

A significant result at auction for a female portrait.

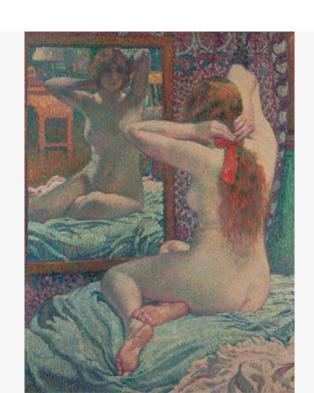
Both works use the artist's signature, pointillist approach.

Le Ruban Écarlate 1906 oil on canvas 45 ½ x 35 in. (116.2 x 88 cm)

#### Sold at Sotheby's New York: November 2016 for \$1,452,500

A nude, a rarity at auction for the artist.

Both works are excellent examples of Post-Impressionism.



# **COMPARABLE** PAINTINGS SOLD AT AUCTION



Le Docteur Auguste Weber 1892-1893 oil on canvas 39 x 32 ½ in. (104.8 x 85 cm)

Sold at Christie's London: February 2018 for \$1,380,000

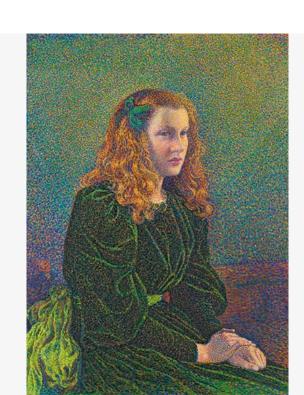
A significant price paid for a portrait.

This sale demonstrates the deep interest level in Rysselberghe portraiture.

Jeune femme en robe verte 1893 oil on canvas  $32 \% \times 23 \%$  in. (81.7 x 60.6 cm)

Sold at Christie's London: February 2010 for \$1,227,000

A comparable portrait, executed in the pointillist style Rysselbeghe is best known for developing, along with Signac and Seurat.



# PAINTINGS IN MUSEUM COLLECTIONS



#### The Musée d'Orsay Paris

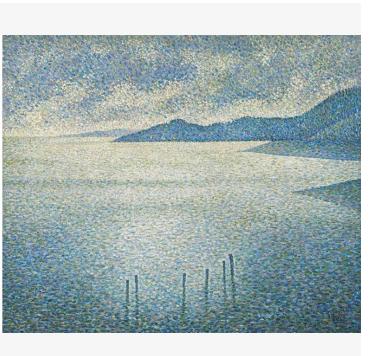
Etude de femme nue 1913 oil on canvas 26 x 39 in. (65.5 x 100 cm)

#### The Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

Little Denise 1889 oil on canvas  $41 \times 23 \%$  in.  $(103 \times 60.3 \text{ cm})$ 



## PAINTINGS IN **MUSEUM COLLECTIONS**



## The National Gallery London

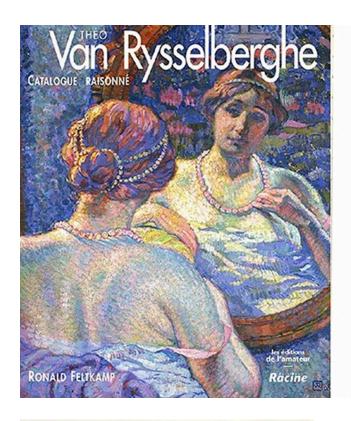
Coastal Scene 1892 oil on canvas 20 x 24 in. (50.8 x 60.9 cm)

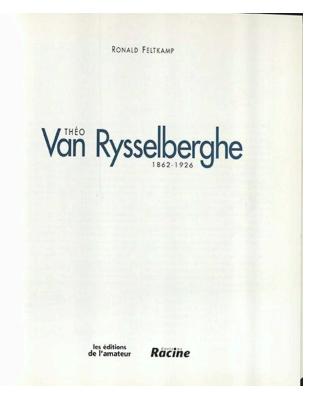
#### The Museum of Modern Art New York

Self-Portrait 1888-89 pastel and crayon on paper 13 x 10 in. (34 x 25.7 cm)



### **AUTHENTICATION**







Feltkamp, R., *Théo Van Rysselberghe*, *Catalogue Raisonné*, Brussels, 2003, no. 1913-023, illustrated p. 178 and 406

### **HISTORY**



Théo Van Rysselberghe, Self-Portrait, 1920, Museum of Fine Art, Gent, Belgium

An undisputed master of the booming Belgian Neo-Impressionist movement from 1887 onward, Théo van Rysselberghe painted this portrait of his wife, Maria (née Monnom) during the first decade of the twentieth century. He had pressed onward from the influence of Whistler's Tonalism, Impressionism, and the Pointillism of Seurat to perfect a highly refined understanding of color, its harmonic resonances, and a meticulous rendering of formal elements. An exemplary draftsman, optical impressions based on color interactions remained a principal concern for Van Rysselberghe. Here, short strokes of color replaced the small dots of a Pointillist, and the color scheme is not the homogenized, harmonious one for which the artist has a well-deserved reputation. Rather, this

portrait advances color theory in an entirely different manner. Its visual interest rests with the dynamic contrasts of his wife's silvered coiffure, her platinum-hued dress, and the stark-white fireplace mantle — all staged within the optical vibrancy of the surround dominated by complementary reds and greens. It is a visually stimulating demonstration by a painter who understood the dynamic impact of this unusual color scheme and who arranged the sitter with a strong accent on a diagonal and executed the formula with the craft and agility of a painter in full control of his painterly assets.



Maria Monnom Van Rysselberghe circa 1895

Théo Van Rysselberghe Self-Portrait, 1916

